

Narragansett Bay Commission

Sustainable Energy Management Practices for Wastewater Treatment Facilities EPA Funded Project

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Presentation Outline

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- 2. Project Approach
- 3. **Project Goals**
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Project Problem Statement

- Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) operations have high energy demands
- Energy demand increases with advanced treatment
- Energy costs are increasing
- Energy derived from fossil fuels create GHGs
- Waste grease impacts WWTF operations
- Waste grease can be a valuable source of renewable energy



Project Approach

- Wastewater Treatment Facility Energy Focused Management System
 - Modeled after ISO 14001 EMS
 - Energy Measurement Component
 - Energy Efficiency Component
 - Renewable Energy Component
- Environmental Results Program for Restaurants and Food Service Industry Sector
 - FOG BMPs
 - Promote the use of waste grease as a source of renewable energy



Project Goals

WWTF EF-EMS

- Improve Energy Efficiency of Rhode Island Wastewater Treatment Facilities, and
- Encourage/Increase use of Renewable Energy by Rhode Island Wastewater Treatment Facilities

FOG ERP

- Improve Management of FOG
- Reduce the Discharge of Waste Oil and Grease to the Sewer System, and
- Promote the Use of Waste Oil and Grease as a Source of Renewable Energy



Project Partners and Stakeholders

Partners

- Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management – Office of Technical Assistance and Customer Service
- University of Rhode Island

 Center for Pollution
 Prevention and
 Environmental Health
- Rhode Island Manufacturers Extension Services
- Narragansett Bay Commission

Stakeholders

- RIDEM Office of Water Resources
- RI WWTFs
- Rhode Island Hospitality Association
- EPA
- National Grid
- Bio-Diesel Production Facilities



Narragansett Bay Commission

- Rhode Island's Two Largest WWTF
- Receive both Wastewater and Stormwater Flow
- Provide Wastewater Collection and Treatment Services to:
 - Ten Cities and Towns
 - 360,000 People
 - 8,000 Business
- 241 Employees
- 19 Member Board of Commissioners
- Rates set by PUC





NBC Wastewater Treatment Facilities





Field's Point WWTF

- 45 MGD (170.1 MLD) Average
- 65 MGD (246 MLD) Secondary
- 200 MGD (756 MLD) Primary
- Chlorination/De-chlorination
- Sludge Gravity Thickeners
- 4 Pump/Lift Stations

Bucklin Point WWTF

- 24 MGD (90.8 MLD)
- 46 MGD (174 MLD) Secondary/Tertiary
- 116 MGD (438 MLD) Primary
- UV Disinfection
- Anaerobic Digestion
- 3 Pump/Lift Stations



EF-EMS Project Component

- Project Participation 19 RI WWTFs
- Training on use of EPA "Energy Guidebook"
- Establish energy-use baselines for each participating WWTF – use Portfolio Manger
- Energy use assessments for participating WWTF
- Identify Energy Conservation and Efficiency Measures (ECEMs)
- Identify renewable energy resource opportunities
- Establish EF-EMS Roundtable
- Implement Plan-Do-Check-Act aspect of each EF-EMS



FOG ERP Component

- Project Participation 600 plus permitted restaurants
- Develop FOG management checklist and set of BMPs
- Develop assistance tools and FOG management "self-certification" procedures
- Establish baseline performance through initial facility assessments and historic data analysis
- Conduct ERP follow-up assessments
- Compare performance improvements
- Identify opportunities and problems associated with using collected FOG as a source of renewable energy



NBC WWTF Oil and Grease Loadings



Grease Waste from FP WWTF



Tons of Dry Scum



Anticipated Project Outcomes

- Improve Energy Efficiency of participating WWTFs by 5 to 10 % over base year performance (2007)
- Decrease WWTF energy demand on local grid by 10 20% using renewable energy resources
- Decrease quantity of grease received at WWTFs
- Increase use of waste grease as a source of renewable energy by 25%





NBC Grease Control Program



NBC Pretreatment Program

- 1,507 discharge permits in effect
- On average conduct 2,000 inspections/year
- Conduct approximately 50 investigations/year
 - 10% 20% regarding grease issues



INBC Grease Control Program

- Been in place since the late 1980s
- 818 Permitted companies with the potential to discharge grease laden wastewater
 - Restaurants
 - Schools
 - Nursing Homes
 - e Hospitals
 - Supermarkets
 - Food Processors





Permit Requirements

- Discharge Limits
- Grease Removal Equipment
- Record Keeping
- Monitoring
- Notification of Changes





Grease Removal Requirements

- Meet NBC discharge limitation of 125.0 ppm
- Submit plans detailing kitchen layout, plumbing and grease removal equipment
- Install grease removal equipment with sample port
 - Automatic Electro/Mechanical
 - Outdoor In-ground Passive
- Maintain all pretreatment equipment to ensure continuous operation



Automatic Electro/Mechanical GRU

- Sized properly
- Sample port
- Solids Retention
- Accessible
- Fixtures required to be connected
 - Pre-Rinse Sinks
 - Pot Wash Sinks
 - Three-Bay Sinks
 - Soup Kettles
 - Wok Stations
 - Floor Drains





Automatic Electro/Mechanical GRU (cont'd)

Prohibited Discharges to GRU

- Dish Washer
- Garbage Grinders/Disposals
- Vegetable Prep Sinks
- Steam Tables
- Sanitary Sinks
- Ice Machines
- Freezer Condensate



Automatic Electro/Mechanical GRU (cont'd)

Log Books

- Maintenance
 - Emptying Strainer Basket
 - Cleaning Wiper Blades
 - Cleaning Trough
 - Wet Vacuuming of GRU
- Amount of Grease Removed from unit
- Date and time of inspection
- Person conducting inspection



Outdoor Inground Passive Grease Interceptor

- Sizing: 15 gal/seat but no smaller than 500 gal
- Accessible sampling tee w/ 8" diameter
- GI must be accessible

Fixtures required to be connected:

Pre-Rinse SinksSoup KettlesPot Wash SinksWok StationThree-Bay SinksDish WashersVegetable Prep SinksGarbage Grinders/DisposalsFloor DrainsStation



Outdoor Inground Passive Grease Interceptor (cont'd)

Prohibited Discharges to GI

- Sanitary
- Ice Machines
- Freezer Condensate
- Record Keeping
 - Thickness of Grease Layer
 - Pump-Outs including volume
 - Receipts from pump-outs
 - Date and time of inspection
 - Person conducting inspection



Inspection Program

- Conduct inspections of 75% of restaurants annually
- Inspect all other companies with the potential to discharge grease laden wastewater bi-annually





Prior to inspection

- Review company information
- Permit
- Correspondence
- Plans
- Gather Equipment for inspection of GRU/GI
- Hand Tools
- ✓ Cover Hook
- Bottle Brush
- ✓ Camera
- ✓ PPE



At location

- Verify owner and contact information
- Verify plans for accuracy
- Review maintenance record







GRU Inspection

- Open unit
- Inspect grease layer
- ✓ Remove strainer basket
- ✓ Inspect wiper blades, trough, skimmer wheel for integrity
- Ensure drainage hose is connected to waste grease reservoir



Check Timer Operation

- ✓ Proper time
- Proper cleaning cycle settings
- Manually override timer to start the unit ensuring the unit operates properly
- ✓ If not operating check to see if power is supplied
- Inspect sample port
 - ✓ Open Valve
 - ✓ Clean if necessary
- Return to initial condition and close unit







Inspection Program (cont'd) Outdoor Inground Passive Interceptor







GI Inspection

- Open manhole covers
- ✓ Inspect sample tee for signs of grease
- Try to determine the thickness of grease and solids layers
- ✓ Close interceptor



Improved Inspection Program (cont'd)

Post Inspection

- At location
- Review findings with contact person
- **Respond to questions**
- At office
- Enter inspection in the PT computer system
- Write detailed memo to the company file
- Write detailed letter to the company
- Conduct future follow up inspections in accordance with SOPs and as necessary







Poorly Operating Automatic GRU







Blockage due to poor maintenance on Passive In-Ground Grease Traps







Grease from food preparation facilities caused blockages in a sewer line







No Power to Automatic GRU

